Warm Weather Containers 2015 – The Scott Arboretum

Container gardening has attained growing popularity as it is ideal for gardeners who may not have the time, space, or economic means to garden on a large scale. Containers need not be restricted to traditional terra cotta or plastic, but can be anything sizable, durable, and fashioned out of various materials, such as metal or wood. Our examples are intended to inform and inspire anyone to indulge in container gardening.

Each container at the Scott Arboretum has a numbered stake corresponding to the number found within this brochure. For each numbered container, the plants are listed with a short description allowing visitors to pinpoint specific plants.

Containers designed and planted by Josh Coceano and John Bickel.

Wister Center:

1. *Alcantarea odorata* – silver, pineapple-like foliage bromeliad  
   *Fuchsia ‘Hidcote Beauty’* – salmon-pink corolla with creamy white sepals, cascading  
   *Fuchsia magellanica ‘Riccartonii’* – dark green leaves; floriferous, with pendulous Fuchsia-colored sepals and reproductive structures with true purple petals  
   *Pellionia pulchra* – (Satin pellionia) unique trailing plant, matte gray-green leaves with dark silver veins, purple undersides and brownish-red stems  
   *Pilea glauca ‘Aquamarine’* – small, matte green-silver leaves growing on fleshy red-purple stems  
   *Peperomia griseo-argentea* – (Ivy-leaf peperomia) Silver and gray, puckered, heart-shaped leaves with long cream spikes of inconspicuous flowers

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Planted “stump”

5. *Impatiens omeiana* - (Hardy impatiens) dark green leaves with a white stripe on the midrib, red stems
   *Selaginella uncinata* - (Blue Spikemoss) small, fine, bluish-green, fern-like foliage
   *Asplenium antiquum* ‘Leslie’ - (Crested Japanese Birdsnest fern) resembling a bromeliad with long strap-like leaves growing in a bowl shape with wavy margins.
   *Tillandsia concolor* - Air plant bromeliad with silver-gray leaves; can also produce colorful reddish-purple bracts
   *Nepenthes sp.* - carnivorous pitcher plant

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**Cunningham House - Entrance Garden**

6. *Solenostemon* spp. ‘Smallwood Driveway’ - lobed leaves with shades of yellow, green and red

7. *Acalypha* ‘Inferno’ - leaves range in color from dark green to bright red with cream marginal variegation

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   *Abutilon* ‘Orange Cascade’ - Maple-like leaves with pendulous orange lantern-like flowers.
   *Solenostemon* spp. - burgundy foliage

9. *Neoregelia* ‘Green Eyes’ - Burgundy bromeliad dappled with bright green marks

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11. “Urn”
   *Rhapis excelsa* - (Lady Palm) Fan-like palm
   *Alocasia* ‘Polly’ - Large, waxy, arrow-shaped leaves that are dark green with dramatic silver veins.
   *Hypoestes* spp. - (white form) simple green leaves with uniform, white, dappled variegation
   *Peperomia griseo-argentea* - (Ivy-leaf peperomia) Silver and gray, puckered, heart-shaped leaves with long cream spikes of inconspicuous flowers
   *Tradescantia zebrina* - Common houseplant grown for trailing nature and blue-green leaves sporting two broad silvery longitudinal stripes above and solid purple underneath

*Calibrachoa* x Superbells® ‘Dreamsicle’ – Abundant, small, orange petunia-like flowers with cascading growth habit.

*Ipomoea batatas* ‘Sweet Caroline Bewitched’ – Dark purple sweet potato vine with unique shaped leaves.


*Begonia* ‘Bonfire’ – Cascading, pendulous begonia with abundant, bright, red-orange tubular flowers

*Calibrachoa* x Superbells® Blue – Abundant, small, dark purple petunia-like flowers with cascading growth habit.

*Capsicum* ‘Chilly Chili’ – Upright Thai chili peppers change from waxy yellow to bright red

*Mussaenda frondosa* – Leggy growth habit and simple leaves, produces unique orange flowers that appear with a large white bract

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15. *Acalypha wilkesiana* ‘Devappa’ – Broad, hand-sized, calico leaves with serrated edges adorn woody branches. Random variegations blotch the copper leaves with instances of orange, pink and green.

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*Strobilanthes* ‘Orizaba’ – Purplish-green leaves to 6 inches long with purple underneath

*Solenostemon* ‘Sedona’ – (coleus) Lobed, rounded leaves with a unique rusty orange color


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*Capsicum* ‘Chilly Chili’ – upright Thai chili peppers change from waxy yellow to bright red

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*Solenostemon* spp. – burgundy foliage

20. *Codiaeum variegatum* var. *pictum* – (croton) common houseplant sporting leaves splashed in hues of green, yellow, and orange.

*Carex flacca* ‘Blue Zinger’ – (sedge) mat of bluish-green grass-like foliage, best growth occurs in the sun but the plant will grow in shade.

*Begonia boliviensis* ‘Bonfire’ – (Bonfire begonia) bright orange flowers have four long curved petals, cascading habit, repeat bloomer

**Cunningham House – Terry Shane Teaching Garden**

21. *Acer longipes* – (gold coin maple) deciduous maple to 25’ in height, new growth is glossy red fading to green when mature, indigenous to China.

*Begonia* ‘Hieroglyphics’ – (begonia) lime green leaves edged in burgundy


*Heuchera* ‘Circus’ – (coral bells) large leaves of chartreuse with maroon veining unfold topped by magenta flowers on slender brown stems, foliage turns green with reddish-black veins in summer
22. *Philodendron bipinnatifidum* – leaves on long petioles, up to 3 feet long, deeply dissected into many wavy-margined lobes  
*Oxalis regnellii* ‘Purpurea’ – purple shamrock foliage

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24. *Cyathea cooperi* – (Cooper's tree fern) fast growing tree fern that grows to 20 feet and spreads 8 to 12 feet; finely divided fronds rise out of the trunk and arch down as they get older  
*Pilea glauca* ‘Aquamarine’ – matted, tiny leaves with silver-blue foliage

25. *Athyrium x ‘Ghost’* – (lady fern) silver-white fronds and a decidedly upright habit. Leaves age to light green with new fronds appearing throughout the season  
*Cissus discolor* – (rex begonia vine) tender vine, elongated heart shaped bright green leaves with silver patches radiating out from the center with burgundy stripe in the middle  
*Heuchera* ‘Glitter’ – (coral bells) mirror-bright silver foliage with contrasting black veins  
*Peperomia griseo-argentea* – (ivy-leaf peperomia) Silver and gray, puckered, heart-shaped leaves with long cream spikes of inconspicuous flowers

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27. *Cyathea cooperi* – (Cooper's tree fern) – fast growing tree fern that grows to 20 feet and spreads up to about 8 to 12 feet. The finely divided fronds rise out of the trunk and arch down as they get older  
*Pilea glauca* ‘Aquamarine’ – matted, tiny leaves with silver-blue foliage

28. *Nerium oleander* – (oleander) leathery lance-shaped leaves  
*Oxalis regnellii* ‘Purpurea’ – purple shamrock foliage  
*Plectranthus argentatus* ‘Silver Crest’ – silvery-green, fuzzy foliage and small, blush white flowers on well branched, trailing plants  
*Solenostemon Wildfire™ Smoky Rose* – (coleus) neon pink and burgundy leaves
Cosby Courtyard

29./30./31 shallow succulent bowls planted with miscellaneous cacti and succulents

32. Canna ‘Lemon Punch’ - (canna) dense clump of glaucous green foliage, topped with flower spikes of large lemon yellow flowers
Cestrum ‘Orange Peel’ – tubular orange flowers bear a sweet scent only in the night hours, hybrid of Cestrum diurnum and C. nocturnum
Colocasia esculenta ‘Midori Sour’ – (painted elephant ear) large chartreuse leaves, lightly sponged in dark green
Lantana camara - green leaves rough to the touch; numerous flower heads of yellow florets
Solenostemon ‘Alabama Sunset’ – (coleus) oval, bluntly toothed leaves; velvety, coral-red, yellow-edged leaves on dense, sun-tolerant plants. New foliage is bright gold.
Phygelius ‘Lemon Spritzer’ – lemon-yellow leaves are dotted and splashed with bits of lime and pine green, fuchsia-pink flowers
Ipomoea batatas (chartreuse leaf form) – bright green heart-shaped leaves along cascading stems
Begonia foliosa var. miniata (syn. Begonia fuchsioides var. miniata) – (miniature begonia) deep coral-red flowers hang in clusters resembling fuchsias, tiny dark green glossy leaves.
Sanchezia speciosa – (shrubby whitevein) sturdy, bright green or purple stems and large, dark green leaves displaying light-colored ribs and veins. Tubular yellow flowers are borne in terminal spikes in summer.

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34. *Coccoloba uvifera* – (sea grape) tropical plant, native to coastal hammocks, coastal scrub, coastal grasslands, and beach strands from Argentina north throughout the West Indies and the Florida Keys, shiny, evergreen leaves are leathery, rounded with heart-shaped bases. The bright green leaves are often veined in red 
*Dianella tasmanica* ‘Variegata’ – (white-striped tasman flax lily) bold white striped leaves, small flowers, which appear in mid spring, have pale violet sepals with white striped green petals and are followed by attractive dark blue berries 
*Plectranthus argentatus* ‘Silver Crest’ – silvery-green, fuzzy foliage and small, blush white flowers on well branched, trailing plants

35. *Aglaonema* spp. (Chinese evergreen) – popular houseplant grown for broad leaves and variegated leaves. 
*Hypoestes phyllostachya* (white form) – (freckle face plant) – small green leaves splashed with white “polka dots” 
*Oxalis regnellii* ‘Irish Mist’ – white flecked emerald green leaves with white inflorescence; variable

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*Oxalis regnellii* ‘Irish Mist’ – (shamrock) white flecked emerald green leaves with white inflorescence; variable

37. *Nephrolepis exaltata* – (sword fern) bright green, erect fronds 
*Tradescantia zebrina* – common houseplant grown for trailing nature and blue-green leaves sporting two broad silvery longitudinal stripes above and solid purple coloration underneath 
*Oxalis regnellii* ‘Purpurea’ – purple shamrock foliage

38. *Hibiscus rosa-sinensis* ‘Variegata’ – bushy shrub with ovate to broadly lance-shaped variegated cream and green leaves to 6" long with toothed margins; solitary 5-petalled bright crimson flowers 4" across with yellow-anthered red stamens; grows to 10 ft. 
*Begonia* ‘Plum Gorgeous’ – dark maroon-cocoa leaves are held at an upright angle emphasizing the sangria-red rouged underleaf and petiole

39. *Chamaedorea cataractarum* (cat palm) – trunkless palm, dense clump of slender, green, cane-like leaf stems with pinnate, or feather-shaped, leaves that are about 1 foot long. Each leaf has about 30 to 50 narrow leaflets evenly spaced along the blade of the leaf. 
*Tradescantia zebrina* – common houseplant grown for trailing nature and blue-green leaves sporting two broad silvery longitudinal stripes above and solid purple coloration underneath
Asparagus densiflorus 'Meyersii' – (foxtail fern) feathery needle-like stems provide a fern-like appearance

40. Canna ‘Lemon Punch’ – (canna) dense clump of glaucous green foliage, topped with flower spikes of large lemon yellow flowers
Ipomoea batatas (chartreuse leaf form) – (sweet potato vine) bright green heart-shaped leaves along cascading stems
Solenostemon ‘Inky Fingers’ – (coleus) "duck foot" leaf shape in electric-lime green and dark purple
Solenostemon ‘Wasabi’ – (coleus) bright, chartreuse green leaves

41. Canna ‘Grande’ – (canna) large, bold banana-like leaves
Ipomoea batatas (chartreuse leaf form) – (sweet potato vine) bright green heart-shaped leaves along cascading stems
Solenostemon ‘Inky Fingers’ – (coleus) "duck foot" leaf shape in electric-lime green and dark purple

42. Canna ‘Lemon Punch’ – (canna) dense clump of glaucous green foliage, topped with flower spikes of large lemon yellow flowers
Ipomoea batatas (chartreuse leaf form) – (sweet potato vine) bright green heart-shaped leaves along cascading stems
Solenostemon ‘Inky Fingers’ – (coleus) "duck foot" leaf shape in electric-lime green and dark purple
Solenostemon ‘Wasabi’ – (coleus) bright, chartreuse green leaves

43. Ensete ventricosum ‘Maurelli’ – (red Abyssinian banana) huge, banana-like, evergreen perennial that is very similar to plants in the genus Musa where it once resided as Musa ensete. ‘Maurelii’ is a cultivar that is primarily distinguished from the species by its foliage that emerges with maroon-red tints and reddish leaf axils
Alternanthera dentata ‘Rubiginosa’ – sprawling habit 18”–24”, deep burgundy, glossy 2-inch paddle shaped leaves, rapid grower.
Solenostemon ‘Gay’s Delight’ – (coleus) lime green foliage with black veination
Solenostemon ‘Odalisque’ – (coleus) deep maroon, almost-black-centered leaves edged in golden green.
Solenostemon ‘Redhead’ – (coleus) bright red leaves

44. Hibiscus tiliaceus ‘Tricolor’ – heart-shaped variegated leaves in green, pink, cream, and dark burgundy
Alternanthera ficoidea cv. – (Joseph’s coat) low growing plant featuring green leaves blotched with yellow, orange, red, brown, copper or purple, sometimes with red veining
**Hibiscus acetosella** ‘Brown Sugar’ – burgundy maple-like leaves, sporadic small red to maroon flowers

**Sutera cordata** Snowstorm® White – (Bacopa) – popular cascading plant with small white flowers

**Solenostemon** cultivar unknown– (coleus) striking foliage plant with maroon-brown leaves

45. **Abutilon** ‘Burgundy’ – (flowering maple) pendant, burgundy bell-like flowers

Bacopa

46. **Neoregelia** ‘Green Eyes’ – (bromeliad) burgundy red foliage with green marks

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**Solenostemon** ‘Gay’s Delight’ – (coleus) lime green foliage with black veination

48. **Dahlia** ‘Mystic Fantasy’ – flamingo pink blooms with soft yellow halo, raspberry eye and dark disc, set against glossy dark foliage

49. **Hibiscus tiliaceus** ‘Tricolor’ – heart-shaped variegated leaves in green, pink, cream, and dark burgundy

**Cuphea llavea** – tubular flower (to 1”) sports a purple calyx and a pair of red ear-like petals that collectively resemble the face of a bat

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**Solenostemon** ‘Tilt-a-Whirl’ – (coleus) swirling petticoat leaves of red, purple, and light green on a compact plant; frilly edges are tipped in yellow

51. **Ensete ventricosum** ‘Maurelli’ – (red Abyssinian banana) huge, banana-like, evergreen perennial that is very similar to plants in the genus *Musa* where it once resided as *Musa ensete*. ‘Maurelli’ is a cultivar that is primarily distinguished from the species by its foliage that emerges with maroon-red tints and reddish leaf axils

**Alternanthera dentata** ‘Rubiginosa’ – sprawling habit 18”-24” inch, deep burgundy, glossy 2-inch paddle shaped leaves, rapid grower.
Solenostemon ‘Circus’ – (coleus) vivid pink, red and chartreuse leaves
Solenostemon ‘Odalisque’ – (coleus) deep maroon, almost black centered leaves edged in golden green.

52. Acalypha wilkesiana ‘Kilauea’ – tiny spindle-shaped leaves of dusky red and coppery rose with creamy feathered margins; much branching dwarf forming small mounds.
Solenostemon ‘Tilt-a-Whirl’ – (coleus) swirling petticoat leaves of red, purple and light green on a compact plant; frilly edges are tipped in yellow.

Salvia gesneriiflora ‘Mountain Form’ – woody-based perennial recently discovered in Mexico, this distinct form has a more compact habit than the species type, congested inflorescences of large, scarlet flowers with deep red calyces

53. Dahlia ‘Mystic Fantasy’ – flamingo pink blooms with soft yellow halo, raspberry eye and dark disc, set against the glossy dark foliage

54. Canna ‘Endeavor’ – 5’-6’ tall with lance-shaped glaucous-green leaves and medium-sized bright red flowers
Alternanthera ficoidea cv. – (Joseph’s coat) low growing plant featuring green leaves blotched with yellow, orange, red, brown, copper, or purple, sometimes with red veining
Cuphea laeva – tubular flower (to 1”) sports a purple calyx and a pair of red ear-like petals that collectively resemble the face of a bat
Onoseris hastata – dense clump of silver-grey above and downy white below, arrow-shaped leaves about 8” long, mid-season pale lavender – pink daisy-like composite blooms appear on thin wiry silver stems.

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56. Neoregelia ‘Patches’ – upright burgundy foliage with green patches

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Solenostemon ‘Redhead’ – (coleus) bright red leaves
Acalypha godseffiana ‘Heterophylla’ – mounding habit to 12”, narrow rusty-orange serrated leaves splashed with gold and a little green.
Calibrachoa Superbells ® Red – abundant, small petunia-like flowers all season on cascading growth
Sutera cordata Snowstorm® White – (Bacopa) – popular cascading plant with small white flowers

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Coprosma ‘Rainbow Surprise’ – evergreen shiny leaves with irregular yellow blotches, mature foliage takes on a coppery-orange hue.

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This publication has been made possible, in part, thanks to the financial support from Scott Associates. We invite you to join the Scott Associates to help support the Scott Arboretum’s mission, to display, promote, and educate gardeners about the best plants for eastern Pennsylvania gardens. To join, stop by the Scott Arboretum Offices, call 610-328-8025, or visit www.scottarboretum.org.

About The Scott Arboretum

The Scott Arboretum is a unique garden of ideas and suggestions encouraging horticulture in its broadest senses through displays on the 350-plus acre campus of Swarthmore College. We offer some of the region’s most intimate, authentic, and accessible horticultural experiences. The Arboretum is frequently ranked among the most beautiful campuses in the world. Office hours are Monday through Friday, 8:30 a.m. to noon and 1:00 p.m. to 4:30 p.m. For more information, please call the Arboretum Offices at 610-328-8025 or visit www.scottarboretum.org.